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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/985,768	11/06/2001	Kwame Osei Boateng	826.1767 4333		
21171	7590 12/13/2005		EXAMINER		
STAAS & HALSEY LLP			SIEK, VUTHE		
SUITE 700 1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	ON, DC 20005		2825		

DATE MAILED: 12/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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· -		Application No.	Applicant(s)	L)		
Office Action Summary		09/985,768	BOATENG, KWAME OSI	EI		
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Vuthe Siek	2825			
Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address -	Ha		
WHIC - Exten after S - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DASIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nety filed the mailing date of this communica D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Se	eptember 2005.				
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.				
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	i3 O.G. 213.			
Dispositio	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application	on Papers					
10) 🗌 -	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.12			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)[/ a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau ee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment	(s)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) 🔯 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date 6/10/05.		atent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to application 09/985,768 and amendment filed on 9/20/2005. Claims 1-13 remain pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1-5 and 7-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kajihara et al., "Cost-Effective Generation of Minimal Test Sets for Stuck-at Faults in Combinational Logic Circuits," IEEE, Dec. 1995, pp. 1496-1504.
- 4. As to claims 1 and 10-13, Kajihara et al. teach new cost-effective heuristics for a generation of minimal test sets (compacted set of test stimuli) for a digital circuit (see whole article) comprising fault simulation under double detection (starting page 1498, section D.); selecting essential test stimuli from among subsets of the set of test stimuli after mapping between the test stimuli and the faults has been established by the simulation, where an essential test stimulus being a test stimulus that detects at least one fault, which is detectable by no other test stimulus in one of the subsets of the test stimuli (page 1500, section III. A STATIC COMPACTION TECHNIQUE, especially section A. describes mapping between test stimuli and faults for example consider five faults: {f1, f2, f3, f4, f5}; suppose that three test vectors t1,t2 and t3 are generated; let det(t1) = {f1,2,f3}; det(t2) = {f3, f4}; and det(t3) = {f5}); an eliminating redundant test

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stimuli form among subsets of test stimuli after selecting the essential test stimuli from each subset (page 1500, section III. A STATIC COMPACTION TECHNIQUE, especially section B., describing how to remove or eliminating redundant test stimuli in order to form a smaller subset of test stimuli; section A describes test vectors t2 and t3 are removed from the test set making test set become smaller); and an output device outputting a compacted set comprising the selected essential test stimuli (see at least section III. A STATIC COMPACTION TECHNIQUE starting page 1500, especially Table IV shows an output result). The redundant test stimulus is a test stimulus that detects a fault, which is detectable by another test stimulus in each subset after the selection of the essential test stimuli (section 2. page 1499, see Table IV).

5. As to claims 2-5 and 7-9, Kajihara et al., teach outputting a minimum-sized subset of the set of test stimuli, which covers faults without modifying test stimuli in the minimum-sized subset, as the compacted set; hierarchically repeating selecting of essential test stimuli after eliminating of redundant test stimuli to output the compacted set comprising the selected essential test stimuli; identifying a subset of test stimuli that optimally covers a given set of faults and eliminating one or more test stimuli other than the identified test stimuli as the redundant test stimuli; storing information of faults which the set of test stimuli cover, and pointing information associating each test stimulus with the faults detectable by a corresponding test stimulus; the faults including a stuck-at fault and a delay fault; performing compaction of the set of test stimuli by regarding a sequence of initializing, sensitizing, and propagation subsequences as a single test stimulus (See at least Section III, Table IV).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Kajihara et al., "Cost-Effective Generation of Minimal Test Sets for Stuck-at Faults in Combinational Logic Circuits," IEEE, Dec. 1995, pp. 1496-1504.
- 8. As to claim 6, Kajihara et al. teach using a fault simulation to search and detect essential faults of a test in the test set. As shown in Table IV, number of test of the test set, number of faults and number of check are described. It is well known to practitioners in the art that a counter is used to store information related application in order to facilitate a process of increasing or decreasing an information number stored in the counter. Therefore, it would have obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have stored counter information as recited in the claim in order to facilitate the fault simulation to obtain information as shown in Table IV as expected, thereby a compacted set comprising of essential test stimuli is finally obtained.

Remarks

9. Examiner has maintained the rejection under Kajihara. Applicant argued that Kajihara is not particularly relevant to the present invention. It is not true. Examiner respectively submits that Kajihara teaches each element of the claimed limitations as

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described in the above rejection because Kajihara teaches simulating, mapping stimuli and faults, selecting essential stimuli and eliminating redundant stimuli. Kajihara teaches in section A., page 1500, where the test vectors t2 and t3 can be removed because these test vectors are redundant test vectors. The test set is now become smaller {t1, t4} than {t1, t2, t3}.

10. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vuthe Siek whose telephone number is (571) 272-1906. The examiner can normally be reached on Increase Flextime.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Vuthe Siek

VUTHE SIEK
PRIMARY EXAMINER